

# Sub-Talar Lok™

## Arthroereisis Implant System

### PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION

#### System

ST5000

Sub-Talar Lok System



#### Implants

ST5007	7mm	Diameter, Conical, Ti-6AL-4V ELI, Purple
ST5008	8mm	Diameter, Conical, Ti-6AL-4V ELI, Yellow
ST5009	9mm	Diameter, Conical, Ti-6AL-4V ELI, Green
ST5010	10mm	Diameter, Conical, Ti-6AL-4V ELI, Bronze
ST5011	11mm	Diameter, Conical, Ti-6AL-4V ELI, Blue

#### Dialators

ST5507	7mm	Cannulated Dilator, Purple
ST5508	8mm	Cannulated Dilator, Yellow
ST5509	9mm	Cannulated Dilator, Green
ST5510	10mm	Cannulated Dilator, Bronze
ST5511	11mm	Cannulated Dilator, Blue

#### Rescue Driver

ST5001	Reverse Thread, Cannulated, Grey
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#### Screwdriver

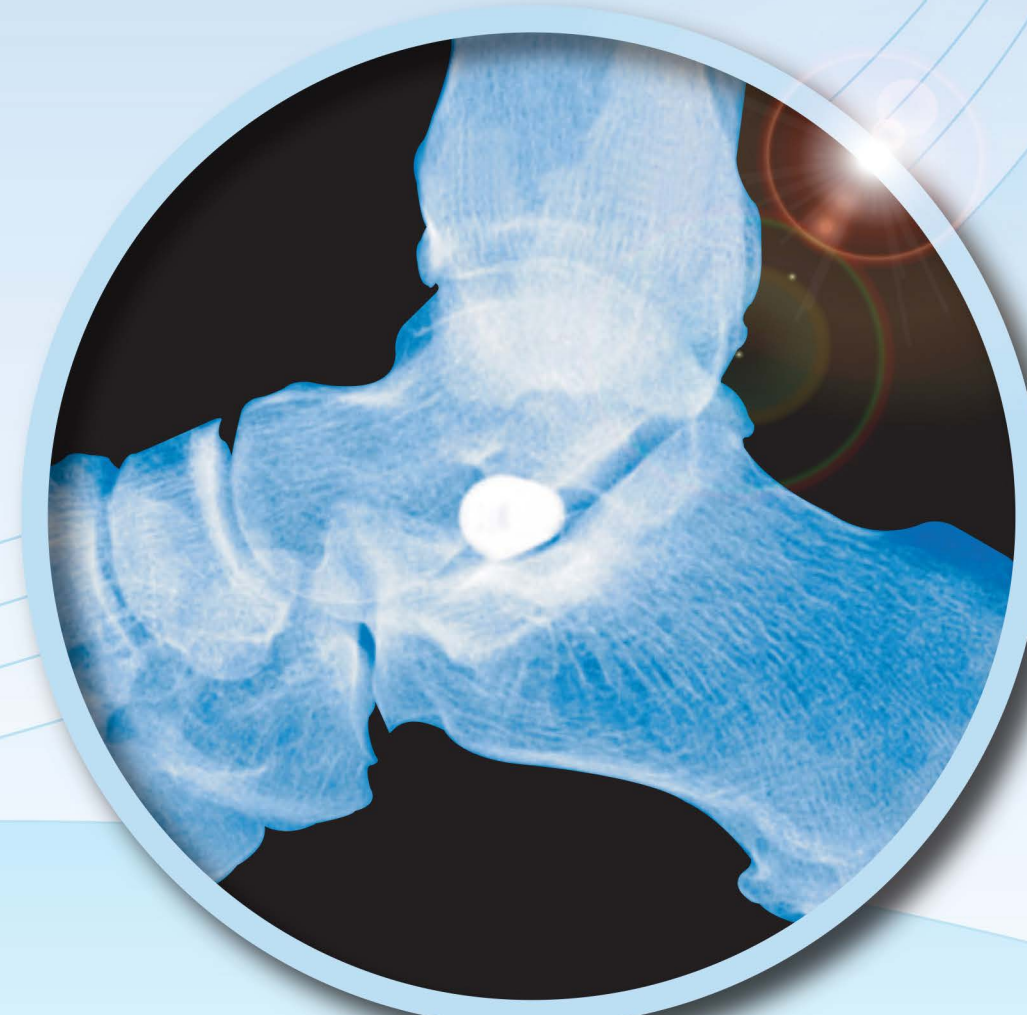
ST5002	Cannulated Hex Driver, Black
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#### Guide Wire

ST5003	1.8mm x 305mm, Blunt, Stainless Steel
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#### Instrument Tray

ST5004	Vacuum Formed Instrument and Implant Sterilization Container
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## Arthroereisis Implant System

**INSTRATEK®**

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www.instratek.com

Caution: Federal (USA) Law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.  
Please refer to package insert for instructions, warnings, contraindications, and potential adverse effects.

**INSTRATEK®**

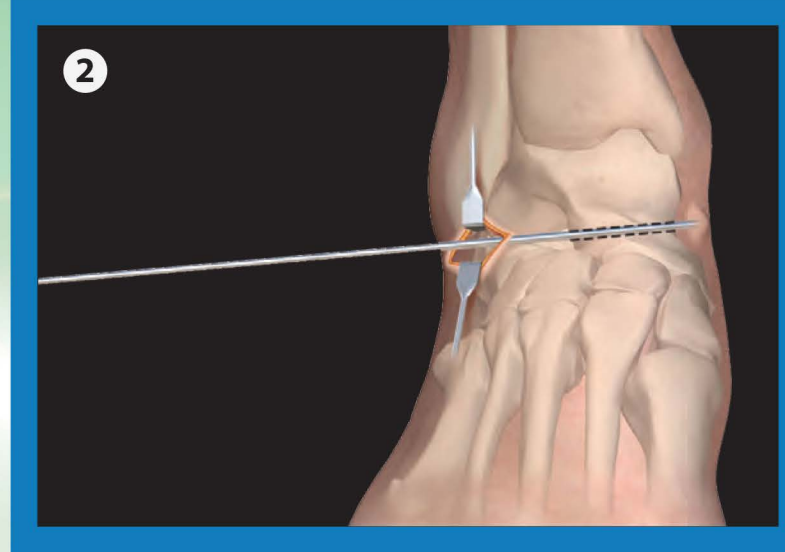
# Sub-Talar Lok™

## Arthroereisis Implant System

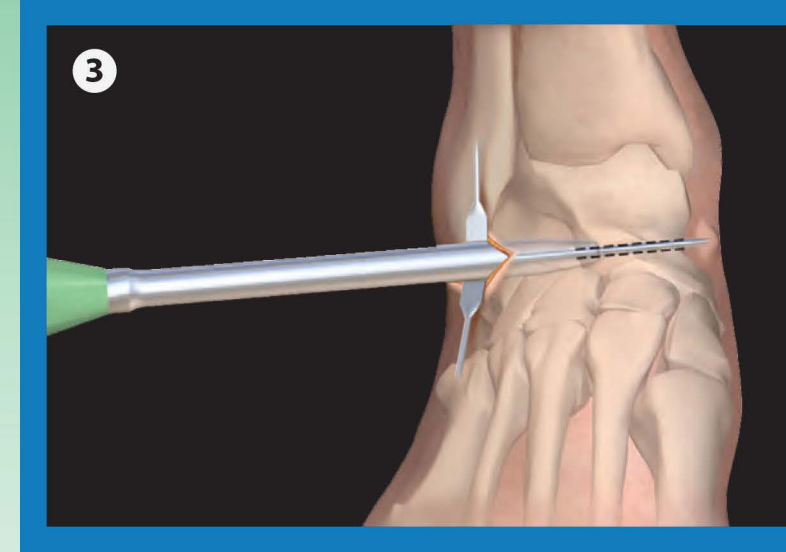
The Instratek Sub-Talar Lok™ arthroereisis system is indicated for use in the treatment and stabilization of the subtalar joint for the hyperpronated foot. Sub-Talar Lok™ restricts excessive subtalar pronation in all three planes, providing a more normal subtalar joint motion in patients. Sub-Talar Lok™ is intended for the following pathological conditions hypermobile pes valgus, posterior tibial tendon dysfunction, severe pronation, subtalar instability, and hypermobile flexible congenital flat foot.



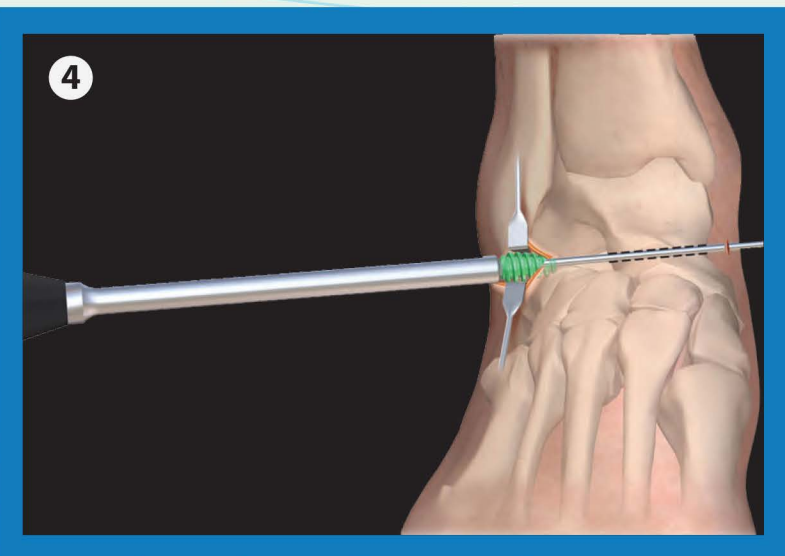
- Center a linear incision approximately 2-3cm in length over the sinus tarsi on the lateral aspect of the foot. Identify the intermediate dorsal cutaneous nerve and carefully retract.



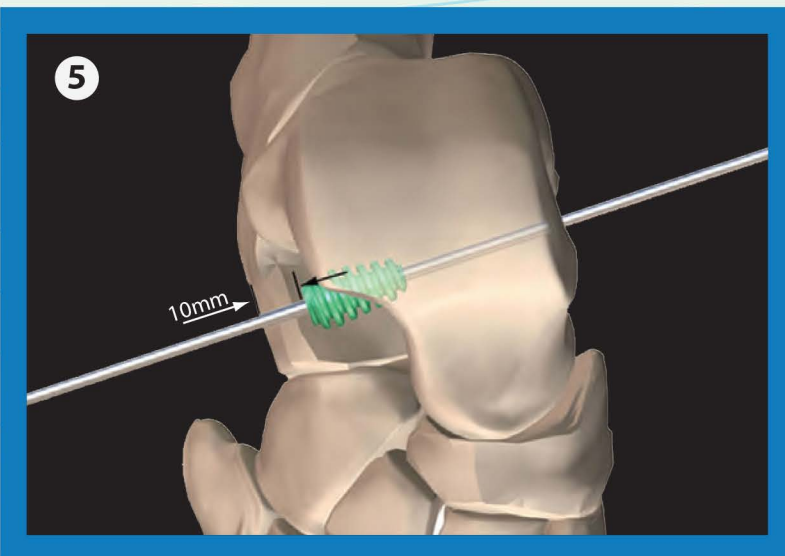
- Blunt dissection is carried down to the fascia and capsule overlying the sinus tarsi. Identify and incise.
  - The blunt 1.8mm x 304mm guide wire is placed from lateral to medial into the sinus and sinus canalis. A properly positioned guidewire will result in tenting of the soft tissue on the medial aspect of the foot.



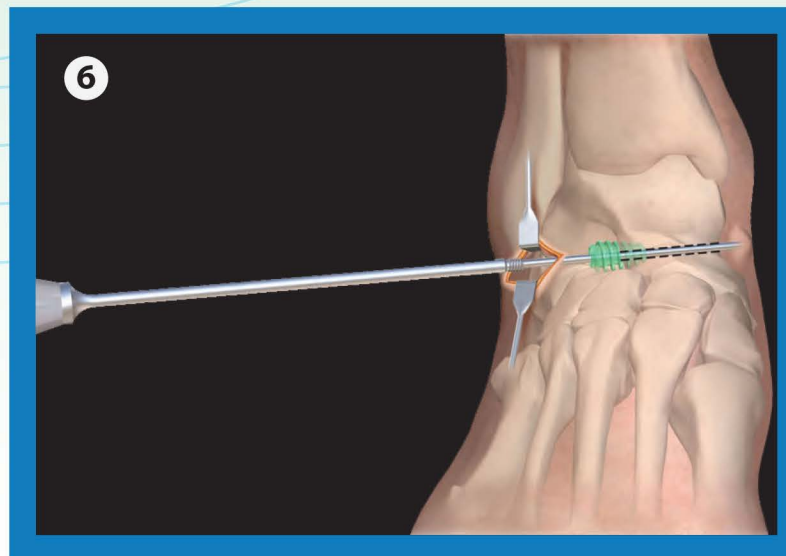
- Sequentially introduce the cannulated trial dilators over the positioned guide wire until a desired subtalar joint motion and correction is achieved.
  - Verify position intra-operatively with fluoroscopy.



- Following selection of the appropriate trial dilator, remove the dilator leaving the guide wire in position.
  - Select the corresponding color coded implant with the trial dilator last used.
  - Place selected implant over guide wire and using the supplied cannulated hex screwdriver, seat implant to a desired depth within the subtalar joint.



- Evaluate the degree of correction and confirm the restricted subtalar joint motion.
  - Intra-operative radiographs or fluoroscopic imaging in both AP and lateral views are recommended to confirm position of implant.
  - The trailing end of the implant should be 10mm or more medial to the lateral wall of the calcaneus.
  - The cannulated screwdriver and guide wire are removed.
  - Irrigate with copious amounts of sterile saline. Evaluate subtalar joint motion followed with capsule, deep and superficial tissue closure.



### Implant Extraction Technique

- Center a linear incision approximately 2-3cm in length over the sinus tarsi on the lateral aspect of the foot. Identify the intermediate dorsal cutaneous nerve and carefully retract.
- Insert the supplied 1.8mm x 304mm guide wire through the center of the subtalar implant
- Introduce the extraction driver over the guide wire. The guide wire will direct the extraction driver to the internal thread within the Sub-Talar Lok implant.
- Using light forward pressure, rotate the extraction driver counter clockwise. Continue a counter clockwise rotation until resistance is met. Once achieved, pull laterally while turning counter clockwise.
- Continue until implant is removed.
- Irrigate with copious amounts of sterile saline. Evaluate subtalar joint motion followed with capsule, deep and superficial tissue closure.

### Post Operative Protocol:

**Week 1-4:** Non-weight bearing with CAM type walker boot, crutches or roll-a-bout. Sutures are removed at week 2.

**Week 4:** Begin weight bearing in boot as tolerated with gradual transition to regular shoe with orthotic. Pediatric patients may transition in a shorter period of time.

**Week 8:** Full unrestricted activity to tolerance. Adult patients may take three months before full weight bearing.